PERMANENT MISSION OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK SOCIALIST REPUBLIC TO THE UNITED NATIONS

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UNOFFICIAL TRANSLATION

DECLAPATION

OF THE GOVERNMENT OF

THE CZECHOSLOVAM SOCIALIST REPUBLIC

On the 22nd of Cotober, 1962, the Fresident of the United States of LLorica made a statement in which he amounced that he had given orders to the armed forces of the USA to halt all ships bound for Cuba, to search them, to turn back those carrying cargo described by American Luthorities as "offensive" weapons and to extend this measure arbitrarily to affect also other types of cargo and carriers. By resorting to those measures, the United States have in fact imposed a blockade on Cuba.

at the calc time, the President of the United States ordered continued and increased close surveillance of Cuba and also gave orders for the despatch of considerable reinforcements of military units to the american military base of Suantanamo in Juba. U.S. armed forces are being alorted also outside the territory of the United States.

These acts of the United States, accompanied by a terrent of irresponsible hysterical attacks, a deliberate stapping-up of warlike psychocis and carefully pre-deditated military provocations, have justly aroused the indignation of the widest sections of the world public opinion. They constitute an unprecedented interference in matters within the enclusive internal competence of this free Latin American country, a criminal attempt at a reversal of the social development in Suba, and are directed against all peaceloving nations, against peace in the entire world.

The importalism of the United States has since the very beginning adopted an entropely hostile attitude against Revolutionary Subs whose people has got rid of the domination of American monopolics and their Batista-type puppets. By all means at its disposal, the American imperialism was trying to strangle Subs economically in the hope that a threat of starvation will bring the people of Subs down

to its knees. Indeed, it was not for the first time that the United States of America hoped to achieve similar results through economic blockade and a policy of gross pressure. But just as the attempt to blockade economically the Socialist countries proved completely ineffectual, so the attempts of the USA at an economic blockade of Cuba equally ended in bankrupt.

At the same time, American imperialism endeavoured to achieve a political and diplomatic isolation of Cuba. The United States severed diplomatic relations with Cuba and devoted no small effort to bringing particularly the Latin American countries into the anti-Cuban front. However, neither the grossest extention nor pressure have brought the expected result to the American imperialists.

The United States did not even shrink from engineering in April 1961 a treacherous invasion of Cuba by mercenaries which the United States had armed, trained and shipped to Cuba.

One would have empected that the American imperialists learned a lesson from the inglorious end at Playa Giran. However, the present measures for the blockade of Juba . testify to the contrary. The American imperialism is again preparing to raise an armed fist against the people of Cuba and in pursuing its ends does not hesitate to throw the world on the brink of a war catastrophe.

The blockade from the United States is an overtaggressive action, and is even admitted and characterized by the United States itself as a forcible measure. In such a way, the United States has committed a most flagrant violation of the very fundamental principle of contemporary international law - the prohibition of aggression.

International law and the United Nations Charter oblige members to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations. The United States of America not only had used and is using its force against Cuba in order to induce it to change the course of its development, but is even using threat of force against the Soviet Union which is offering selfless assistance to Cuba in the effort of Cuba to build the country and safeguard its defence against enemy forces.

By declaring blockade against Guta, the United States has grossly and wilfully encroached upon the freedom of the high seas, which is safeguarded under international law. The high sea is open to all nations and, by the concurrent will of all States, it has been exampted from the jurisdiction of any individual State. In attack against the freedom of the high sea constitutes an attack on the rights and legitimate interests of all States. On the high seas, all States enjoy absolute freedom and equality in navigation, commerce, communications and scientific research and no State or group of States may claim sovereignty over a part of the high sea or interfere with its free and full use by other States.

No sovereign State can allow ships sailing under its flag to be holted and searched by another State and impeded in the pursuit of their course. Usurpation of such a right by the United States can, therefore only lead to unpredictable international conflicts. The declaration of a navel blockade and the decision of the Government of the United States to search cargoes carried by ships of third States bound for Cuba constitutes open interference into the internal affairs of those third States.

The imposition of blockade on Cuba is the grossest cynical mockery of all principles of humanity to which the United States likes to pay Pharisaic lip-service: it is a measure devised to plunge the Cuban people back into the serfdom of American monopolies and to frighten all nations trying to complete the liquidation of colonialism and secure free and independent life. At the same time, this act of piracy is a dangerous blow to world peace and an overt preparation for the unleashing of a general conflict which the American imperialism expects to stop the course of history.

The militarist circles in the USA should at last face the actual facts of present-day world. Irrevocably past are the times when the American imperialists, depending on their military power, were free to dictate their arbitrary will to freedomloving nations. As a result of a new situation and changed balance of power in the world, they have lost their military supremacy. Today the most powerful missiles and nuclear weapons which are an important safeguard of peace and security are fortunately in the hands of the Soviet Union. Any aggressor — and the American militarists should not forget this — has to recken with the fact that if he really deres to start aggression he will suffer a deserved devastating retaliatory blow.

Cuba is fully entitled to acquire and possess according to its consideration weapons to protect freedom and independence of the country. This is an inclienable right of any State wishing to defend its security and sovereignty. It is all the more true about the people of Cuba which since the victory of its revolution has had to counter day by day continuous threats and aggressive actions perpetrated by the United States.

No one can be convinced by the ridiculous allegations of the United States representatives that such a small country as Cuba and its parceloving people could endanger the security of the United States. These allegations serve only as a hypocritical pretext for the imperialist circles of the USA to cover in front of the world public their aggressive actions against the Cuban people.

In its endeavour to settle all outstanding problems with the United States by perceful means, the Revolutionary . Government of Cuba has already several times urged the United States Government to normalize its relations with Cuba, to refrain from all attempts to reverse the present national and revolutionary development in the country and to stop intrigues directed against the independence of Juba. However, all these proposals of the Government of Cuba have been rejected by the United States Government.

Faithful to the principles of its penceful foreign policy, the Czechoslovak Government resolutely condemns in front of the whole world public this new aggressive action of the United States Government and expresses its full support to the just struggle of the heroic people and the Revolutionary Government of Cuba against the American imperialism.

The Czechoslovak people and its Government will mest fully and honestly their committments towards the Republic of Cuba ensuing from the friendly relations with that country and from the obligations under the United Nations Charter.

The Government and the people of the Czechoslovak - Socialist Republic rightfully expect that the United States Government will realize in time the danger of playing with fire which is kindling and will revoke without delay all aggressive and prevocative measures taken against the Republic of Cuba.

Being aware of the extraordinary gravity of the situation created as a result of the aggressive steps taken by the United States Government, against Cuba the Czechoslovak Government renders its unqualified support to the Declaration of the Government of the USSR of October 23 this year and to its request that the Security Council should discuss without delay "the violation of the United Nations Charter and the threat to peace by the United States of America". The Security Council which was entrusted the basic responsibility for the preservation of international peace and security must adopt resolute measures to step the aggressor and to prevent arbitrary defiance of the United Nations Charter by American imperialism.

The Czecheslovek people, dedicated to its peaceful creative work in building its Socialist fatherland, will answer the insolent provocations of the imperialists by a still greater endeavour and unity in the interest of a further strengthening of the political, economic and defensive forces of the Republic.

Side by side with the Seviet Union and the other Socialist countries and all peaceloving nations, the Czecho-slovak Socialist Republic will on its part do everything to thwart the new imperialist aggression of the United States Government and to maintain and strengthen world peace.

October 23, 1962